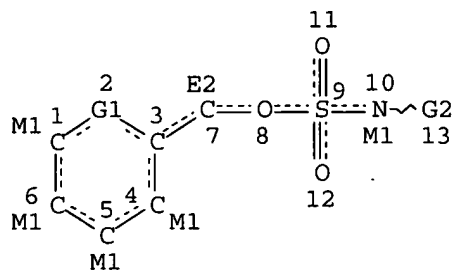


10/691782



```
VAR G1=O/C
VAR G2=H/ME/ET/N-PR/I-PR/N-BU/I-BU/T-BU
NODE ATTRIBUTES:
HCOUNT   IS M1      AT      1
HCOUNT   IS M1      AT      4
HCOUNT   IS M1      AT      5
HCOUNT   IS M1      AT      6
HCOUNT   IS E2      AT      7
HCOUNT   IS M1      AT     10
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
```

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

```
=> s 12
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 09:46:43 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -      34 TO ITERATE
```

```
100.0% PROCESSED      34 ITERATIONS                      9 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
```

```

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS:  ONLINE  **COMPLETE**
                        BATCH   **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS:   331 TO    1029
PROJECTED ANSWERS:      9 TO     360

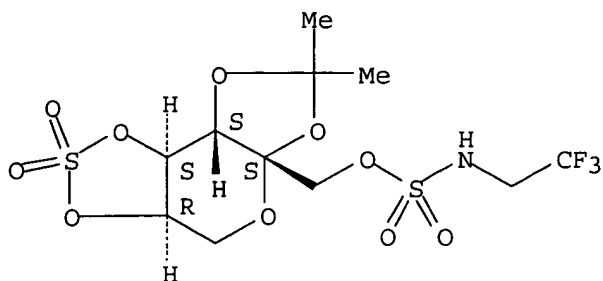
```

L3                      9 SEA SSS SAM L2

=> d scan

L3 9 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
IN  $\beta$ -D-Fructopyranose, 2,3-O-(1-methylethylidene)-, cyclic 4,5-sulfate  
1-[(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)sulfamate] (9CI)  
MF C11 H16 F3 N O10 S2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> s 11 ful

L4 1 GLYME/CN

=> s 12 ful

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 09:47:45 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 573 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 573 ITERATIONS

189 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L5 189 SEA SSS FUL L2

=> fil caplus

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:49:00 ON 01 JUN 2005

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

COPYRIGHT (C) 2005 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

Copyright of the articles to which records in this database refer is held by the publishers listed in the PUBLISHER (PB) field (available for records published or updated in Chemical Abstracts after December 26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications. The CA Lexicon is the copyrighted intellectual property of the American Chemical Society and is provided to assist you in searching databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited.

FILE COVERS 1907 - 1 Jun 2005 VOL 142 ISS 23

FILE LAST UPDATED: 31 May 2005 (20050531/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 15/p

L6 43 L5/P

=> s (nh3 or ammonia)

263006 NH3

183329 AMMONIA

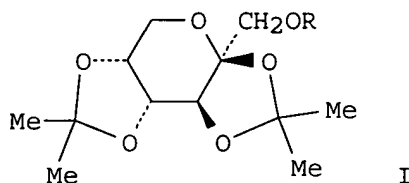
L7 353909 (NH3 OR AMMONIA)

L8                      9 L6 AND L7

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2004:1080910 Document No. 142:23467 Process for the preparation of 2,3:4,5-bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)- $\beta$ -D-fructopyranose sulfamate via chlorination and amination reactions. Bhatt, Mehul Chandrakant; Kilaru, Srinivasu; Thennati, Rajamannar (Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited, India). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2004/108732 A1 20041216, 17 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2004-IN131 20040512. PRIORITY: IN 2003-MU472 20030512.

GI



AB A process for the preparation of D-fructopyranose sulfamate I (R = SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>), from I (R = H) comprising reacting fructopyranose sulfonyl chloride II (R = SO<sub>2</sub>Cl), with an amine R<sub>1</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is selected from hydrogen and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, in a solvent selected from the group consisting of ketones, nitriles, esters and their mixts. to yield the title compound Thus, 2,3:4,5-bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)-ss-D-fructopyranose sulfamate was prepared in quantitative yield via chlorination of I (R = H) with sulfuryl chloride followed by amination with ammonia.

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2004:754425 Document No. 141:282789 Pharmaceutical cocrystals of active ingredients. Almarsson, Oern; Bourghol Hickey, Magali; Peterson, Matthew; Moulton, Brian; Rodriguez-Hornedo, Nair (Transform Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; University of South Florida; The Regents of the University of Michigan; Zaworotko, Michael J.). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2004078163 A2 20040916, 561 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO, CR, CR, CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG, ES, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HR, HU, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ, KZ, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX, MZ, MZ, NA, NI; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2004-US6288 20040226. PRIORITY: US 2003-PV451213 20030228; WO 2003-US6662 20030303; US 2003-PV456027 20030318; US 2003-PV463962 20030418; US 2003-449307 20030530; WO 2003-US19574 20030620; US 2003-601092 20030620; US 2003-PV487064 20030711; WO 2003-US27772 20030904; US 2003-660202 20030911; US 2003-PV508208 20031002; WO 2003-US41273 20031224; US 2004-PV542752 20040206.

AB A pharmaceutical composition comprises a cocrystal of an active pharmaceutical

ingredient (API) and a cocrystal former hydrogen bonded to each other, wherein the API has at least 1 functional group selected from, e.g., ether, thioether, aldehyde, ketone, thioketone, ester, carboxylic acid, amine, **ammonia**, imine, thiocyanate, cyanamide, oxime, nitro, S-heterocyclic ring, N-heterocyclic ring, or pyrrole and the co-crystal former has at least 1 functional group selected from, e.g., amine, amide, pyridine, imidazole, indole, pyrrolidine, carbonyl, carboxyl, hydroxyl, phenol, or sulfone, such that the API and cocrystal former are capable of cocrystallizing from a solution phase under crystallization conditions.

The co-crystals have better solubility, dose response, dissolution, bioavailability, stability or hygroscopicity than the API. Thus, co-crystals of celecoxib and nicotinamide (1:1 molar ratio) were prepared by mixing the acetone solution of the 2 and allowing the solution to evaporate slowly overnight.

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

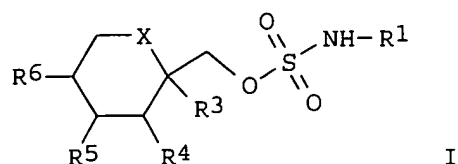
2004:754423 Document No. 141:282787 Pharmaceutical cocrystal compositions of drugs such as carbamazepine, celecoxib, and olanzapine. Almarsson, Oern; Bourghol Hickey, Magali; Peterson, Matthew; Zaworotko, Michael J.; Moulton, Brian; Rodriguez-Hornedo, Nair (Transform Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; University of South Florida; The Regents of the University of Michigan). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2004078161 A1 20040916, 489 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (English). CODEN: PIXXD2. APPLICATION: WO 2003-US27772 20030904. PRIORITY: US 2003-PV451213 20030228; US 2003-378956 20030303; US 2003-PV463962 20030418; US 2003-PV487064 20030711.

AB A pharmaceutical composition comprising a cocrystal of an active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) and a cocrystal forming compound wherein the API has at least 1 functional group selected from, e.g., ether, thioether, aldehyde, ketone, thioketone, nitrate ester, phosphate ester, thiophosphate ester, ester, thioester, amine, secondary amine, **ammonia**, imidazole, or pyridine and the co-crystal forming compound has at least 1 functional group selected from e.g., amine, amide, pyridine, imidazole, indole, pyrrolidine, carbonyl, carboxyl, hydroxyl, phenol, or sulfone, such that the API and cocrystal forming compound are capable of co-crystallizing from a solution phase under crystallization conditions. Thus, carbamazepine and p-phthalaldehyde were dissolved in MeOH and slow evaporation of the solvent gave 1:1 carbamazepine-p-phthalaldehyde cocrystals. The cocrystals were characterized by powder x-ray diffraction, DSC and IR spectrometry.

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2004:412954 Document No. 140:375417 Continuous process for the preparation of fructopyranose sulfamate derivatives. Adkins, Thomas W.; Cicco, Charles F.; Feibush, Penina; Koch, Donald A.; Maryanoff, Cynthia; Stalzer, Walter E. (Ortho-McNeil Pharmaceutical, Inc., USA). PCT Int. Appl. WO 2004041836 A1 20040521, 56 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW; RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GA, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NE, NL, PT, SE, SN, TD, TG, TR. (English). CODEN:

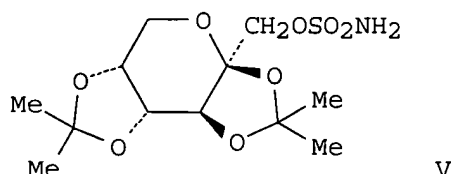
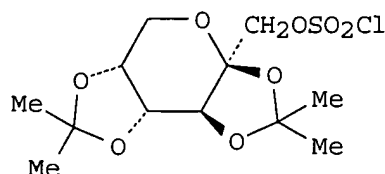
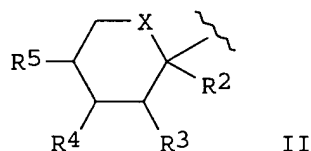
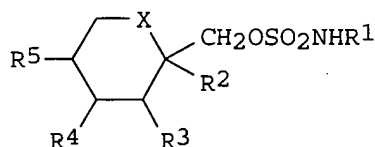
GI



AB The present invention is directed to a continuous process for the preparation of fructopyranose sulfamate derivs. I, wherein X is CH<sub>2</sub>, O; R<sub>1</sub> is H, alkyl; R<sub>3</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> are independently H, alkyl, two of them form heterocycle. The present invention is further directed to a continuous process for the preparation of topiramate via sulfuration of diacetone-β-fructose with sulfonyl chloride followed by amidation with ammonia.

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
1995:420629 Document No. 122:240338 Process for the preparation of chlorosulfate and sulfamate derivatives of 2,3:4,5-bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)-β-D-fructopyranose and (1-methylcyclohexyl)methanol. Maryanoff, Cynthia A.; Scott, Lorraine; Sorgi, Kirk L. (McNeilab, Inc., USA). U.S. US 5387700 A 19950207, 10 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 926,269, abandoned. (English). CODEN: USXXAM. APPLICATION: US 1993-106470 19930812. PRIORITY: US 1991-762720 19910919; US 1992-926269 19920805.

GI

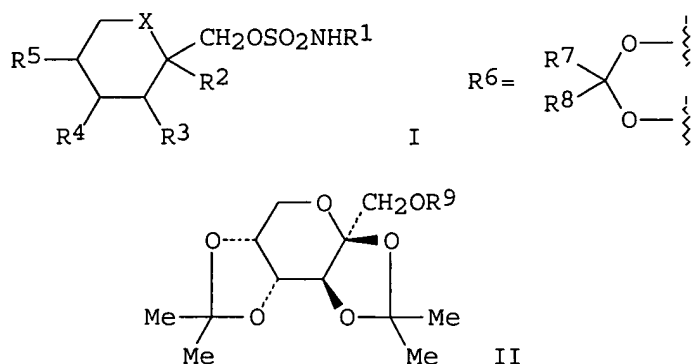


AB A two step process for synthesizing sulfamates of the formula I wherein X is CH<sub>2</sub> or oxygen; R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl; and R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are independently hydrogen or alkyl, and, when X is oxygen, any of R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub>, or R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub>, together, may be a methylenedioxy group of the formula O=C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>7</sub>O wherein R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> are the same or different and are hydrogen, alkyl or are alkyl joined together to form a cyclopentyl or cyclohexyl ring, with the proviso that R<sub>6</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> may not both be H at the same time; the process comprising in a first step, reacting an alc. of the formula RCH<sub>2</sub>OH, wherein R is a moiety of the formula II with sulfonyl chloride in the presence of a base selected from the consisting of pyridine, pyridine derivs. and triethylamine in a solvent of toluene to form a chlorosulfate compound of the formula RCH<sub>2</sub>OSO<sub>2</sub>Cl (III); and in a second step reacting the chlorosulfate compound III with an amine of the formula R<sub>1</sub>NH<sub>2</sub> in a solvent of THF to produce the sulfamate of formula I. Thus, e.g., reaction of

2,3:4,5-bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)- $\beta$ -D-fructopyranose with sulfuryl chloride in PhMe in presence of pyridine afforded 100.5% chlorosulfate IV; ammonolysis of IV in THF afforded 93.5% sulfamate V. When CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was used as solvent in both steps of the 2-step procedure, V was obtained in 36.83% yield.

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 1993:626342 Document No. 119:226342 Preparation of chlorosulfate and sulfamate derivatives of 2,3:4,5-bis-O-(1-methylethylidene)- $\beta$ -D-fructopyranose and (1-methylcyclohexyl)methanol. Maryanoff, Cynthia A.; Sorgi, Kirk L.; Scott, Lorraine (McNeilab, Inc., USA). Eur. Pat. Appl. EP 533483 A2 19930324, 12 pp. DESIGNATED STATES: R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE. (English). CODEN: EPXXDW. APPLICATION: EP 1992-308509 19920918. PRIORITY: US 1991-762720 19910919; US 1992-926269 19920805.

GI



AB Title sulfamates I (X = CH<sub>2</sub>, O; R<sub>1</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> = H, alkyl; R<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub> = R<sub>6</sub>; R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub> = H, alkyl, R<sub>7</sub>R<sub>8</sub> = cycloalkylidene) were prepared with high yields. Thus, sulfonylation of compound II (R<sub>9</sub> = H) with SO<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> in presence of pyridine gave II (R<sub>9</sub> = SO<sub>2</sub>Cl), which was reacted with **NH<sub>3</sub>** THF under 30 psi at room temperature to give title sulfamate II (R<sub>9</sub> = SO<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>).

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 1974:449935 Document No. 81:49935 General method for the synthesis of monosaccharide amidosulfates. Kochetkov, N. K.; Usov, A. I.; Deryabin, V. V. (Inst. Org. Khim. im. Zelinskogo, Moscow, USSR). Doklady Akademii Nauk SSSR, 216(1), 97-100 [Chem] (Russian) 1974. CODEN: DANKAS. ISSN: 0002-3264.

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Monosaccharide sulfamates (I, II, IV, V, VI) and III (R = H, Ph) were obtained in 55-60% yields by treatment of ROSO<sub>2</sub>OH.C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N (R = monosaccharide) with EtOC.tplbond.CH to give ROSO<sub>2</sub>OC(:CH<sub>2</sub>)OEt which was treated with FSO<sub>2</sub>OH followed by amination with **NH<sub>3</sub>**, PhNH<sub>2</sub>, or PhCH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>.

L8 ANSWER 8 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 1973:111630 Document No. 78:111630 Synthesis of amidosulfates from salts of monosaccharide acid sulfates. Monosaccharides. XXVIII. Kochetkov, N. K.; Usov, A. I.; Deryabin, V. V. (Inst. Org. Khim. im. Zelinskogo, Moscow, USSR). Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii, 42(12), 2763-5 (Russian) 1972. CODEN: ZOKHA4. ISSN: 0044-460X.

AB Pyridine salts of 1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose 6-sulfate and 1,2:5,6-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranose 3-sulfate in dry CHCl<sub>3</sub> were treated with EtOC.tplbond.CH, heated briefly, evacuated to remove the resulting free pyridine with added heptane, and

treated with  $\text{NH}_3$  in  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  or a desired amine ( $\text{PhNH}_2$  or  $\text{PhCH}_2\text{NH}_2$ ), to form, after chromatog. purification on silica gel in  $\text{CHCl}_3$ , the resp. 6- or 3-amidosulfate derivative in 20-30% yields.

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

1972:14829 Document No. 76:14829 Monosaccharides. XXIV. Synthesis of some amidosulfates of monosaccharides. Kochetkov, N. K.; Usov, A. I.; Deryabin, V. V. (Inst. Org. Khim. im. Zelinskogo, Moscow, USSR). Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii, 41(8), 1866-71 (Russian) 1971. CODEN: ZOKHA4. ISSN: 0044-460X.

AB 1,2:3,4-Di-O-isopropylidene-D-galactose (I) kept 24 hr with powdered Na in MePh then treated with  $\text{ClSO}_2\text{NMe}_2$  and kept 30 min gave 25% 1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose 6-dimethylamidosulfate; similarly was prepared the 6-diethylamidosulfate. Also reported was 1,2:5,6-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-glucofuranose 3-dimethylamidosulfate, which heated 3 hr at  $50^\circ$  with 60% AcOH gave 1,2-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-glucofuranose 3-dimethylamidosulfate, which heated further with 50% AcOH gave D-glucose 3-dimethylamidosulfate. Similarly were obtained D-galactose 6-dimethylamidosulfate. I in pyridine treated with  $\text{SO}_2\text{Cl}_2$  in MePh and kept 2 hr at  $-70^\circ$ , then warmed and treated with  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  gave 1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose 6-chlorosulfate (II); similarly was prepared the  $\alpha$ -D-glucofuranose analog. Na salt of 1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose 6-sulfate treated with  $\text{PCl}_5$  in  $\text{CHCl}_3$  and heated 4 hr gave II. II and  $\text{Et}_2\text{NH}$  in MePh kept 2 days gave 66% 1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose 6-diethylamidosulfate; similarly was prepared the  $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose analog and 1,2:5,6-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-glucofuranose 3-benzylamidosulfate; 1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose 6-benzylamidosulfate. I and  $\text{PhNH}_2$  in MePh in 2 days gave 6-anilino-6-deoxy-1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose; similarly was prepared the 6-deoxy-1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene-6-(1,2:3,4-di-O-isopropylidene- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose 6-sulfamido)- $\alpha$ -D-galactopyranose in a reaction of I with dry  $\text{NH}_3$  in  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$  4 hr. The above amidosulfates may be useful for identification of monosaccharides as sulfates.

=>

				THEREOF	
<u>10452255</u>	Not Issued	164	06/02/2003	ARYLSUBSTITUTED PIPERAZINES USEFUL IN THE TREATMENT OF BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>10434387</u>	Not Issued	041	05/08/2003	NOVEL SUBSTITUTED SULFAMATE ANTICONVULSANT DERIVATIVES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>10336435</u>	Not Issued	041	01/03/2003	NOVEL ANTICONVULSANT DERIVATIVE SALTS	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>10197286</u>	<u>6610855</u>	150	07/15/2002	SYNTHESIS OF 3-AMINO-3-ARYL PROPANOATES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>10188924</u>	Not Issued	041	07/03/2002	NOVEL ANTICONVULSANT DERIVATIVE SALTS	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>10086583</u>	<u>6613914</u>	150	03/01/2002	PROCESS FOR PREPARING 1, 5-DIARYL-3-SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>10081289</u>	Not Issued	161	02/22/2002	PROCESS FOR PREPARING [S-(R*, S*)]-BETA-[[[1-[1-OXO-3-(4-PIPERIDINYL) PROPYL]-3-PIPERIDINYL] CARBONYL] AMINO]-3-PYRIDINEPROPANOIC ACID AND DERIVATIVES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>10020402</u>	<u>6495711</u>	150	12/18/2001	PROCESS FOR PREPARING (-)-(1S, 4R) N-PROTECTED 4-AMINO-2-CYCLOPENTENE-1-CARBOXYLATE ESTERS	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>09994153</u>	<u>6841682</u>	150	11/26/2001	NOVEL HETEROCYCLES USEFUL IN THE TREATMENT OF BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>09991753</u>	<u>6576786</u>	150	11/26/2001	PROCESS FOR PREPARING SUBSTITUTED CYCLOPENTANE DERIVATIVES AND NOVEL CRYSTALLINE STRUCTURES THEREOF	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>09966116</u>	<u>6384233</u>	150	09/28/2001	PROCESS FOR PREPARING 1,5-DIARYL-3-SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>09858078</u>	Not Issued	164	05/15/2001	SYNTHESIS OF 3-AMINO-3-ARYL PROPANOATES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>09629997</u>	Not Issued	164	08/01/2000	PROCESS FOR PREPARING 1,5-DIARYL-3-SUBSTITUTED	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.



Day : Wednesday

PALM INTRANET

Date: 6/1/2005

Time: 09:15:25

**Inventor Name Search Result**

Your Search was:

Last Name = MARYANOFF

First Name = CYNTHIA

Application#	Patent#	Status	Date Filed	Title	Inventor Name 47
<u>60605324</u>	Not Issued	020	08/27/2004	SOLVENT FREE AMORPHOUS RAPAMYCIN	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>60591472</u>	Not Issued	020	07/27/2004	METHOD OF COATING STENTS	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>60422558</u>	Not Issued	159	10/31/2002	CONTINUOUS PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF FRUCTOPYRANOSE SULFAMATE DERIVATIVES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>60378017</u>	Not Issued	159	05/13/2002	NOVEL SUBSTITUTED SULFAMATE ANTICONVULSANT DERIVATIVES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>60303962</u>	Not Issued	159	07/09/2001	NOVEL ANTICONVULSANT DERIVATIVE SALTS	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>60146997</u>	Not Issued	159	08/03/1999	PROCESS FOR PREPARING 1,5-DIARYL-3-SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>60021455</u>	Not Issued	159	07/17/1996	LIQUID PHASE PEPTIDE SYNTHESSES OF KL-4 PULMONARY SURFACTANT PROTEIN	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>10691782</u>	Not Issued	030	10/23/2003	CONTINUOUS PROCESS FOR THE PREPARATION OF FRUCTOPYRANOSE SULFAMATE DERIVATIVES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA
<u>10460601</u>	Not Issued	090	06/12/2003	PROCESS FOR PREPARING 1,5-DIARYL-3-SUBSTITUTED PYRAZOLES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA A.
<u>10457012</u>	Not Issued	160	06/09/2003	PROCESS FOR PREPARING SUBSTITUTED CYCLOPENTANE DERIVATIVES AND NOVEL CRYSTALLINE STRUCTURES	MARYANOFF, CYNTHIA